





Carbon Emissions Dashboard

| Carbon Footprint | | Portfolio | Coverage |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----------|
| Allocation Base | EVIC | | |
| Financed Carbon Emissions tons CO2e / USD M invested | Scope 1+2 | 81.3 | 68.3% |
| Investor Allocation: | Scope 3 – upstream | 126.0 | 68.2% |
| 2410 | Scope 3 – downstream | 349.6 | 68.2% |
| Total Financed Carbon Emissions tons CO2e Investor Allocation: EVIC | Scope 1+2 | 22,306.0 | 68.3% |
| | Scope 3 – upstream | 34,542.3 | 68.2% |
| | Scope 3 – downstream | 95,869.9 | 68.2% |
| Financed Carbon Intensity tons CO2e / USD M sales | Scope 1+2 | 177.5 | 68.3% |
| Investor Allocation: | Scope 3 – upstream | 274.9 | 68.2% |
| | Scope 3 – downstream | 763.0 | 68.2% |

| Weighted Average Carbon Intensity | | Portfolio | Coverage |
|--|----------------------|-----------|----------|
| Corporate constituents tons CO2e / USD M sales | Scope 1+2 | 176.0 | 76.7% |
| | Scope 3 – upstream | 243.1 | 76.5% |
| | Scope 3 – downstream | 621.2 | 76.5% |
| Sovereign constituents tons CO2e / USD M GDP Nominal | GHG intensity | 684.1 | 2.9% |

| Fossil Fuel Exposure | Portfolio |
|--|-----------|
| Potential emissions from fossil fuel reserves (tCO2e / USD M invested) | 2,410.8 |
| Fossil Fuel Based Revenue Exposure | 3.4% |
| Thermal coal exposure (Any tie) | 5.3% |
| Oil & Gas exposure (Any tie) | 12.0% |
| Exposure to Power Generation | |
| Thermal Coal (apportioned fuel mix, % of generation) | 22.8% |
| Green and Fossil Fuel Based Revenue Coverage | 76.9% |

| MSCI Low Carbon Transition Risk Assessment | Portfolio |
|--|-----------|
| Exposure to companies classified as: | |
| Low Carbon Solutions | 2.6% |
| Low Carbon Transition Risk | 22.9% |
| Low Carbon Transition Risk Coverage | 76.4% |

| Transition Opportunities | Portfolio |
|--|-----------|
| Green Revenue Exposure | 4.0% |
| Exposure to Power Generation | |
| Renewables (apportioned fuel mix, % of generation) | 15.9% |

| Companies' Transition Plans | Portfolio |
|---|-----------|
| Companies with GHG emission reduction targets | 66.7% |
| Companies with targets across all scopes | 45.9% |
| Companies with SBTi approved targets | 27.3% |
| Companies with top quartile carbon management score | 40.4% |

Carbon Emissions: Sectoral Footprint

Financed Carbon Emission (S1+S2) by Sector

| | Portfolio |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Materials | 462.7 |
| Utilities | 388.0 |
| Energy | 254.6 |
| Industrials | 57.2 |
| Consumer Staples | 27.2 |
| Consumer Discretionary | 22.4 |
| Information Technology | 22.0 |
| Financials | 14.4 |
| Communication Services | 12.7 |
| Health Care | 6.4 |
| Real Estate | 4.7 |
| | |

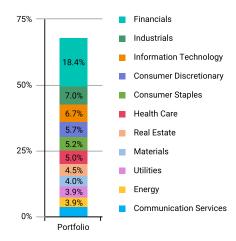
The sector table shows the comparison of the portfolio sector emissions (Scope 1 + Scope 2) to those of the benchmark. The key denotes the magnitude of the emissions in each sector with green denoting lower emissions, and red denoting higher emissions in that sector.

Sectoral Contribution to Financed Carbon Emissions (S1+S2)

| | Portfolio |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| ■ Communication Services | 0.9% |
| Consumer Discretionary | 2.3% |
| Consumer Staples | 2.6% |
| Energy | 17.9% |
| Financials | 4.8% |
| Health Care | 0.6% |
| Industrials | 7.2% |
| ■ Information Technology | 2.7% |
| ■ Materials | 33.3% |
| Real Estate | 0.4% |
| Utilities | 27.5% |

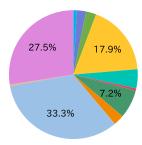
Sector Weight to Financed Carbon Emissions (S1+S2)

Market Cap Weight



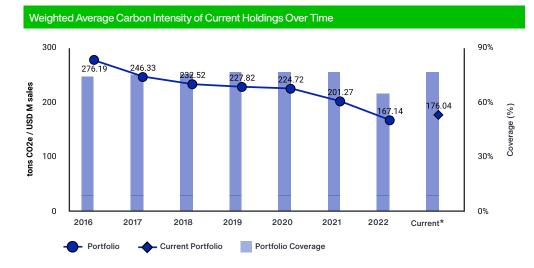
The column chart shows the composition by sector of the portfolio and benchmarks by market capitalization to financed carbon emissions. This highlights that dominant sectors, in terms of emissions, tend to be Energy, Utilities, and Materials.

Contribution to Financed Carbon Emissions



The pie chart shows the composition by each sector's contribution to financed carbon emissions. This highlights that dominant sectors, in terms of emissions, tend to be Energy, Utilities, and Materials.

Carbon Emission: Trends and Profile



* Current refers to the selected analysis date and provides additional context to the analysis. For example, the figure shown could either be in the past at a specific point in time, or the present date if not specified.

Change across 5 years = -24.3% Change since baseline NZ year of 2019 = -22.7%

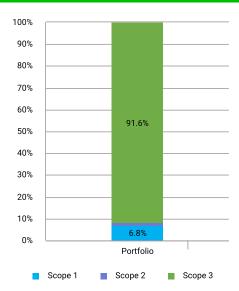
The chart above shows change over time of the weighted average carbon intensity (WACI) of the portfolio constituents and weights at the date of analysis. This analysis is intended to provide an understanding of how the companies in the portfolio have decarbonised over time, as investors increasingly monitor decarbonisation to support climate commitments such as net zero.

The portfolio WACI is illustrated with blue circles. Please note that the analysis does not take into account changes in constituents over this time period.

Portfolio coverage of this metric is also provided which provides contextual information. For example, a lower WACI figure may be related to lower coverage of that metric in a certain year. There can be lower coverage due to companies' reporting cycles and take time in different regions around the world.

Also provided is a % change of the WACI over a 5-year period and a % change compared to the commonly used net zero baseline year of 2019 for further monitoring and reporting.





The chart above illustrates the emissions profile of the portfolio denoting the share between Scopes 1, 2, and 3 emissions. Please note Scope 3 here utilises a combination of estimated and reported emissions data.

Climate Scenario Analysis

Climate Value at Risk

Selected Scenario: 1.5°C NGFS Orderly

| | 1.5°C NGFS Orderly | 1.5° REMIND NGFS Orderly | 1.5° REMIND NGFS Disorderly | 2° REMIND NGFS Orderly | 3° REMIND NGFS NDC |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------|
| | Portfolio | Portfolio | Portfolio | Portfolio | Portfolio |
| Policy Climate Var (Scope 1,2,3) | -11.7% | -11.7% | -16.3% | -3.8% | -2.4% |
| Technology Opportunities Climate VaR | 1.7% | 1.7% | 2.9% | 0.5% | 0.4% |
| Physical Climate VaR Aggressive | -3.8% | -3.8% | -3.8% | -5.0% | -7.0% |
| Aggregated Climate VaR | -13.8% | -13.8% | -17.2% | -8.2% | -9.0% |

Physical Climate Value at Risk Detail

Selected Scenario: Aggressive

Chronic Risks (0.5° global grid)



Extreme Heat -0.9%



Extreme Cold 0.1%



Wind Gusts



Snowfall



Precipitation -0.2%

Acute Risk (high res)



Tropical Cyclones -0.1%



Coastal Flooding -2.8%



Fluvial Flooding -0.1%



River Low Flow -1.2% Wildfires

0.0%

Aggregate Physical Climate VaR

-3.8%

Climate VaR Portfolio Coverage Summary

| | Portfolio |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Policy Climate VaR (Scope 1,2,3) | 67.5% |
| Technology Opportunities Climate VaR | 60.0% |
| Physical Climate VaR | 66.2% |

Top 10 Physical Risk Climate VaR Companies

| <u> </u> | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------|
| Security | Physical Risk Climate VaR Contribution | | Primary Physical Risk Hazard |
| SHELL PLC | -0.09% | • | Extreme Heat |
| POSCO Holdings Inc. | -0.08% | | Coastal Flooding |
| BP P.L.C. | -0.07% | | Coastal Flooding |
| Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. | -0.05% | | Coastal Flooding |
| WOODSIDE ENERGY GROUP LTD | -0.05% | | Coastal Flooding |
| STANDARD CHARTERED PLC | -0.05% | | Coastal Flooding |
| SUN HUNG KAI PROPERTIES LIMITED | -0.04% | | Coastal Flooding |
| TENAGA NASIONAL BERHAD | -0.04% | | Coastal Flooding |
| HSBC HOLDINGS PLC | -0.04% | | Coastal Flooding |
| NEW CHINA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY LTD. | -0.04% | | Coastal Flooding |
| | | | |

The table provides information on the most exposed companies to physical risk exposure in the portfolio such as extreme weather events in the selected physical risk scenario. However, physical risks can be both positive and negative and be expressed in both positive and negative values. MSCI currently models ten hazards including extreme heat and cold, coastal and river flooding, wildfires as well as wind gusts and precipitation. Physical changes can be event-driven ('acute') or longer-term in nature ('chronic').

Climate Value at Risk

Top 10 Aggregated Climate VaR Risk Contributors

| Security | Aggregated Policy Risk Climate VaR | Technology Opportunities Climate VaR | Physical Risk Climate VaR | Aggregated Climate VaR | Weight (%) | Climate VaR Risk Contribution |
|-------------------------------|--|--|------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|
| SHELL PLC | -82.06% | 19.86% | -5.54% | -67.74% | 1.10% | -0.74% |
| BP P.L.C. | -100.00% | 26.52% | -9.70% | -83.19% | 0.50% | -0.42% |
| GLENCORE PLC | -61.18% | 0.00% | -4.25% | -65.43% | 0.43% | -0.28% |
| RIO TINTO PLC | -61.52% | 0.00% | -1.74% | -63.25% | 0.41% | -0.26% |
| ANGLO AMERICAN PLC | -76.30% | 0.01% | -1.30% | -77.59% | 0.17% | -0.13% |
| BHP GROUP LIMITED | -31.31% | 0.00% | -0.89% | -32.19% | 0.36% | -0.12% |
| Samsung Electronics Co., Ltd. | -6.17% | 0.94% | -6.72% | -11.96% | 0.54% | -0.06% |
| RIO TINTO LIMITED | -100.00% | 0.00% | -6.42% | -100.00% | 0.06% | -0.06% |
| TOYOTA MOTOR CORPORATION | -25.66% | 2.60% | -10.65% | -33.71% | 0.19% | -0.06% |
| WOODSIDE ENERGY GROUP LTD | -33.28% | 0.00% | -44.14% | -77.42% | 0.08% | -0.06% |

The table provides an overview of the companies with the highest negative Aggregated Climate VaR contribution in the portfolio. The position weight of each individual security in the portfolio is multiplied by the Aggregated Climate VaR to establish the Climate VaR risk contribution of the portfolio. Aggregated Climate VaR in this chart is the sum of Policy Risk from Direct GHG Emissions (Scope 1) Climate VaR, Technology Opportunities Climate VaR and Physical Climate VaR for the selected scenario.

Climate VaR numbers are calculated at the security level, i.e. 2 securities associated with the same issuer could have different Climate VaR.

Climate Value at Risk

Portfolio Level Sovereign Climate VaR Results Portfolio 1p5C NGFS Orderly -1.16% 1p5C NGFS Disorderly 0.76% 2C NGFS Orderly 0.49% 2C NGFS Disorderly 0.06% 3C NGFS Current Policies 1.00% 3C NGFS 0.10% 0.65% Coverage

| Portfolio Weights of Largest Contributor Countries by Time-to-maturity | | |
|--|--------|--|
| Country/Duration | Total | |
| Brazil | 19.02% | |
| Mexico | 15.42% | |
| Indonesia | 15.34% | |
| Poland | 9.65% | |
| Romania | 8.18% | |
| South Africa | 7.28% | |
| Hungary | 7.16% | |
| Japan | 6.81% | |
| Singapore | 6.67% | |
| United States | 3.93% | |
| Total | 99.45% | |

Total includes all other country buckets not listed in the above list.

Coverage here denotes total portfolio coverage across all asset classes, not only the sovereign portion of the portfolio. The coverage metrics presented in this report are computed in the context of the entire long-only side of the portfolio – no weight adjustments are performed for the respective scopes of corporate or sovereign exposures.

Understanding Sovereign Climate VaR

Sovereign Bond Climate VaR is designed to provide a forward-looking and return-based valuation assessment to measure climate related risks in a sovereign bond investment portfolio. The fully quantitative model offers insights into how climate change could affect sovereign bond valuations through the use of a stress testing framework. It estimates the change in the sovereign yield curve when market expectations move from a climate-agnostic baseline expectation to any other climate scenario. Yield curve changes are then used to stress test the value of local-currency sovereign bonds.

The model produces two types of outputs: the potential impact of climate change and economic decarbonization on implied yield curves and sovereign bond valuations.

Implied Temperature Rise

MSCI Implied Temperature Rise Company Analysis

Aggregated Implied Temperature Rise

Portfolio: 2.4°C

Implied Temperature Rise: Companies with Highest Temperature Alignment

| Company Name | Weight | Implied Temperature Rise |
|---|--------|-----------------------------|
| KfW | 0.7% | 10.0°C |
| DEXIA SA | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| KOMMUNALBANKEN AS | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| L'AIR LIQUIDE SOCIETE ANONYME POUR L'ETUDE ET L'EXPLOITATION DES PROCEDES GEORGES CLAUDE SA | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| Nordiska Investeringsbanken, Pohjoismaiden Investointipankki NIB, Nordic Investment Bank | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| SASOL LIMITED | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| Banque africaine de developpement | 0.1% | 10.0°C |
| EXXARO RESOURCES LIMITED | 0.0% | 10.0°C |
| Exportation et developpement Canada | 0.0% | 10.0°C |
| DCC PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY | 0.0% | 10.0°C |

Implied Temperature Rise: Companies with Lowest Temperature Alignment

| Company Name | Weight | Implied Temperature Rise |
|---------------------------------|--------|-----------------------------|
| ASTRAZENECA PLC | 1.0% | 1.3°C |
| BRITISH AMERICAN TOBACCO P.L.C. | 0.4% | 1.3°C |
| DIAGEO PLC | 0.4% | 1.3°C |
| BARCLAYS PLC | 0.4% | 1.3°C |
| GSK PLC | 0.4% | 1.3°C |
| NATIONAL GRID PLC | 0.3% | 1.3°C |
| LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE GROUP PLC | 0.3% | 1.3°C |
| NATWEST GROUP PLC | 0.2% | 1.3°C |
| ELECTRICITE DE FRANCE SA | 0.2% | 1.3°C |
| NOVO NORDISK A/S | 0.2% | 1.3°C |

Implied Temperature Rise

The Implied Temperature Rise (ITR) metric provides an indication of how well public companies align with global temperature goals. Expressed in degrees Celsius, it is an intuitive, forward-looking that shows how a company aligns with the ambitions of the Paris Agreement - which is to keep a global temperature rise this century well below 2°C above pre-industrial levels and to pursue efforts to limit the temperature increase even further to 1.5°C. The portfolio-level Implied Temperature Rise compares the sum of "owned" projected GHG emissions against the sum of "owned" carbon budgets for the underlying fund holdings. The portfolio's total estimated carbon budget over- / undershoot is then converted to a degree of temperature rise (°C) using the TCRE. The allocation base used to define ownership is Enterprise Value including Cash (EVIC) in order to enable the analysis of equity and corporate bond portfolios.